Grantor Trust Presentation

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BACKGROUND



- TRUSTS ARE SEPARATE AND INDEPENDENT TAXPAYERS
- THEY ARE TAXED AS INDIVIDUALS ARE TAXED EXCEPT WHEN A SPECIAL RULE APPLIES
- TO DIVIDE INCOME IS TO CONQUER INCOME TAX ON ACCOUNT OF "BRACKET RIDE"
- USE OF TRUSTS PROLIFERATES
- HELVERING V. CLIFFORD, 309 US 331 (1940)
- ADOPTION OF GRANTOR TRUST RULES BY REGULATIONS UNDER THE GROSS INCOME SECTION OF THE 1939 CODE
- PRIOR TO THE CONTRACTION OF INCOME TAX RATES AND THE SEPARATE NEARLY "FLAT TOP RATE" STRUCTURE FOR TRUSTS, TRUSTS SERVED THE PURPOSE OF DIVIDING AND THEREBY LOWERING INCOME TAX

EFFECT OF BEING A GRANTOR TRUST



- THE INCOME, DEDUCTIONS AND CREDITS AGAINST TAX OF THE TRUST ARE ATTRIBUTED TO THE TRUST'S GRANTOR (OR OTHER "TRUST OWNER") AS THOUGH THE TRUST DID NOT EXIST
- A TRUST MAY BE A GRANTOR TRUST WITH RESPECT TO MORE THAN ONE TAXPAYER
- A TRUST MAY BE A GRANTOR TRUST ONLY WITH RESPECT TO A FRACTIONAL PORTION OF THE TRUST
- A TRUST MAY BE A GRANTOR TRUST ONLY WITH RESPECT TO HORIZONTAL PARTIAL INTEREST (SUCH AS THE INCOME INTEREST OR THE REMAINDER INTEREST)

PRINCIPAL USES OF GRANTOR TRUSTS PIONEER WEALTH PARTNERS

- PERMIT TRUST INCOME TO GROW TAX FREE BECAUSE THE GRANTOR (OR OTHER TRUST OWNER) MUST PAY THE INCOME TAX. REV. RUL. 2004-64
- PERMIT ASSETS TO BE SOLD FROM THE GRANTOR TO THE TRUST AND THE REVERSE WITHOUT INCOME TAX EFFECT. CF PLR 200949012 (AS TO SEC. 678)
- PERMIT LOW BASIS ASSETS IN THE TRUST TO BE PURCHASED WITH CASH WITHOUT GAIN RECOGNITION BY THE GRANTOR PRIOR TO DEATH
- INCOME MAY BE TAXED HIGHER BECAUSE ATTRIBUTED TO THE GRANTOR (E.G., STATE INCOME TAXES)
- ACHIEVE S CORP STATUS
- HAVE ENTITY THAT IS DISREGARDED FOR INCOME TAX BUT NOT OTHER PURPOSES

MORE ON WHAT IT MEANS TO BE A GRANTOR TRUST



- REV RUL 85-13
- Reg. 1.1001-2 (c) Example 5: "C, an individual, creates T, an irrevocable trust. T is a 'grantor trust' ... C is treated as the owner of the entire trust. *** C renounces the powers previously and expressly retained that initially resulted in T being classified as a grantor trust. Consequently, T ceases to be a grantor trust and C is no longer considered to be the owner of the trust. *** Since prior to the renunciation C was the owner of the entire trust, C was considered the owner of all the trust property for Federal income tax purposes, including the partnership interest."

EFFECT OF TURNING GRANTOR TRUST STATUS OFF AND ON



- CRANE GAIN: MADORIN; REV. RUL. 77-402; EXAMPLE 5 TO REG. § 1.1001-3. APPLICATION TO OTHER ASSETS (E.G., RIGHT TO IRD) CCA 2009-23-024 ("THE CONVERSION OF A NONGRANTOR TRUST TO A GRANTOR TRUST IS NOT A TRANSFER FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES...THAT REQUIRES RECOGNITION OF GAIN TO THE OWNER")
- TRANSFER FOR VALUE IF TO A NON-GRANTOR TRUST
- LOSS OF S CORPORATION STATUS IF TO A NON-GRANTOR TRUST (ESBT ELECTION)

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS



- REV RUL 85-13 IS A MOST IMPORTANT RULING
- THERE SHOULD BE NO GAIN AT DEATH ON GRANTOR DEBT AND, PERHAPS, NONE DURING LIFE ON GRANTOR TRUST EVEN IF GRANTOR TRUST STATUS ENDS BEFORE DEATH
- HAVE SPOUSE (OR MARITAL DEDUCTION TRUST) LOAN TO PURCHASING TRUST SO THERE WILL BE NO INDEBTEDNESS AS TO THE GRANTOR
- THE BIG ISSUE IS BASIS: THE BEST ANSWER IS SECTION 1014 AUTOMATIC CHANGE. IRA HAS "PROMISED" GUIDANCE
- THE OBAMA ADMINISTRATION WOULD CHANGE THE RULE: WHATEVER IS SOLD TO A GRANTOR TRUST COMES BACK INTO THE SELLER'S GROSS ESTATE